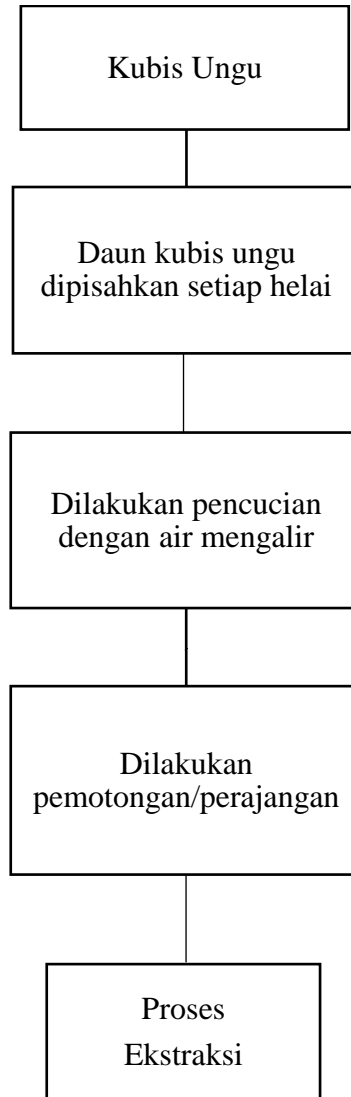
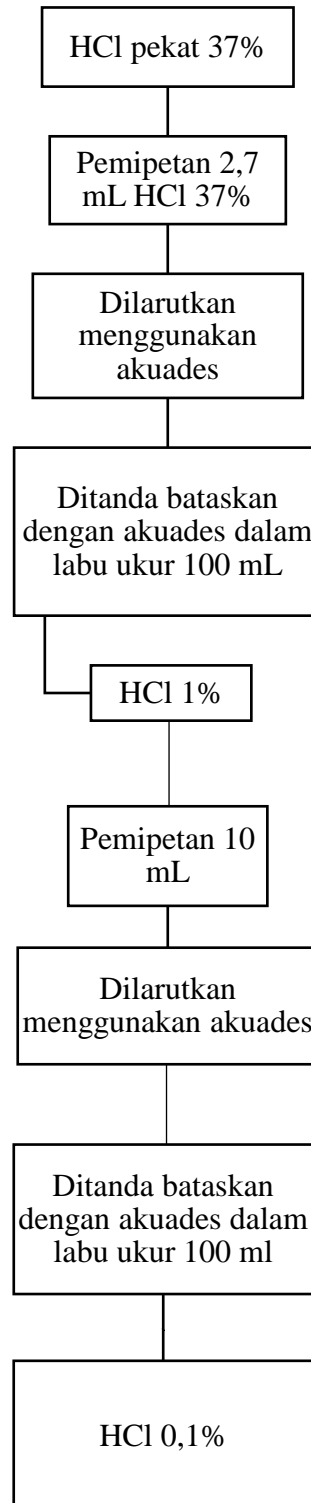


LAMPIRAN

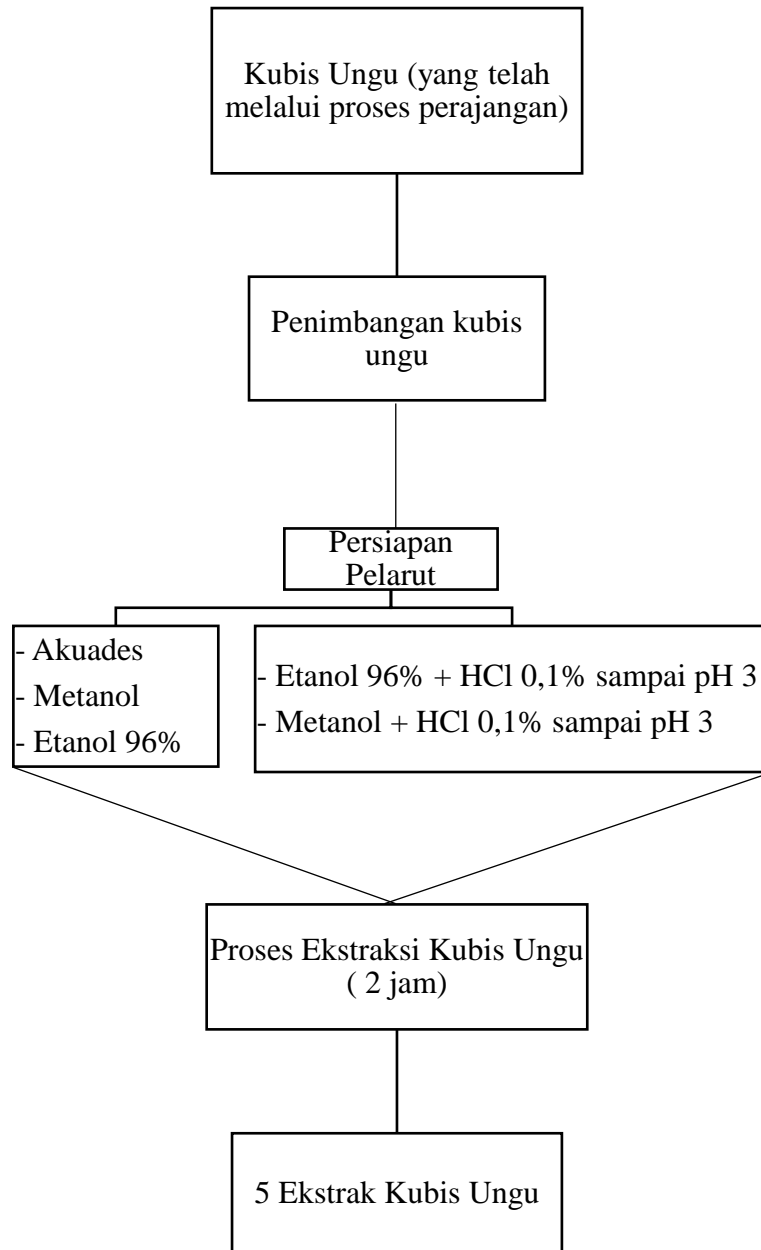
Lampiran 1 Skema Kerja Preparasi Kubis Ungu



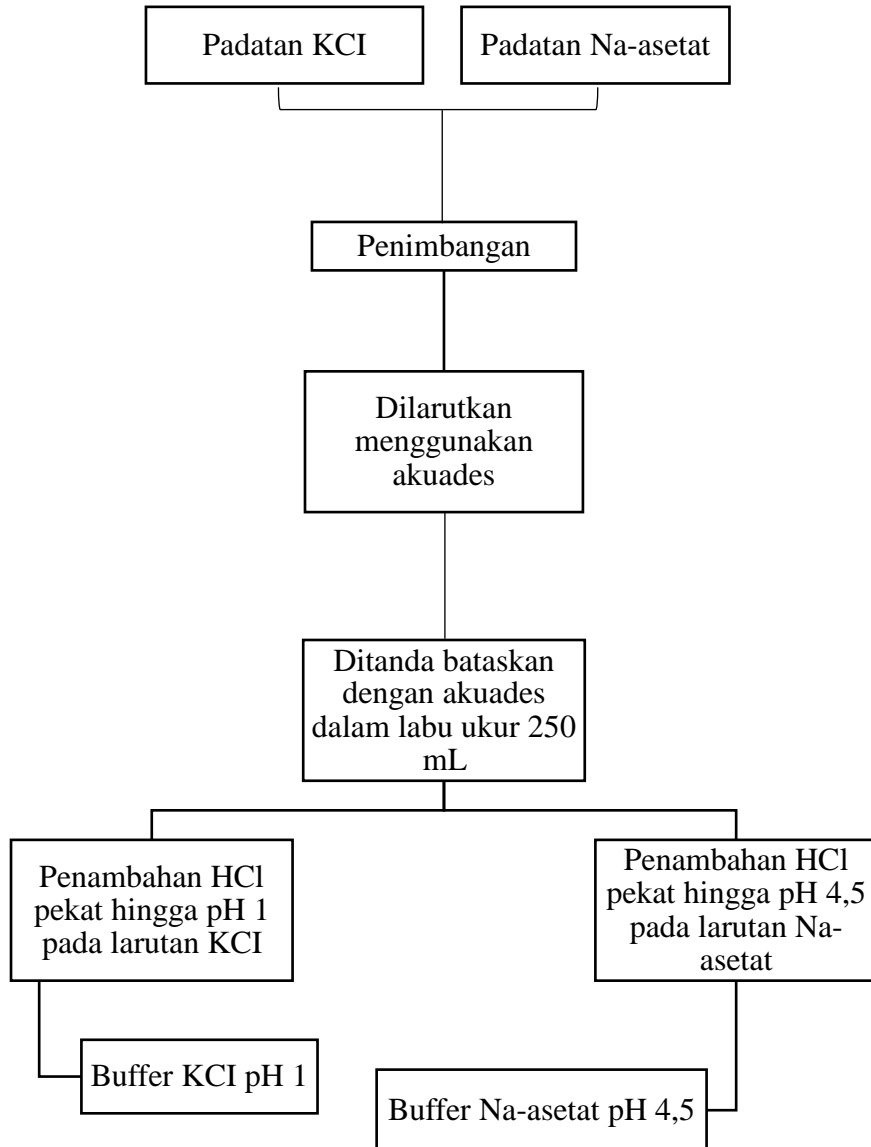
Lampiran 2 Skema Kerja Pembuatan HCl 0,1%



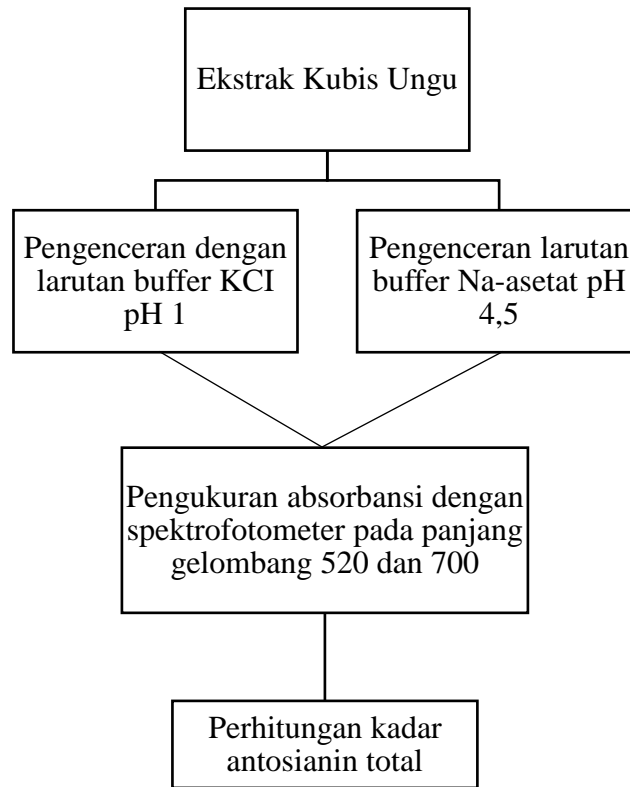
Lampiran 3 Skema Kerja Ekstraksi Kubis Ungu



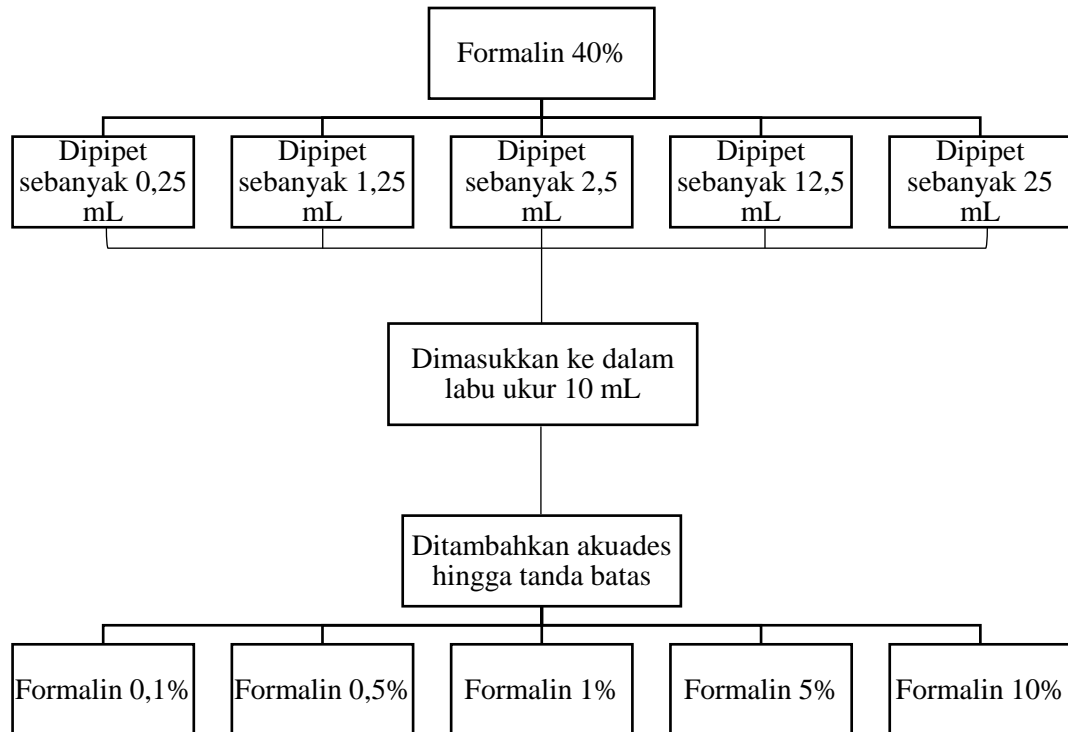
Lampiran 4 Skema Kerja Pembuatan Larutan Buffer KCl pH 1 & Buffer Na-asetat pH 4,5



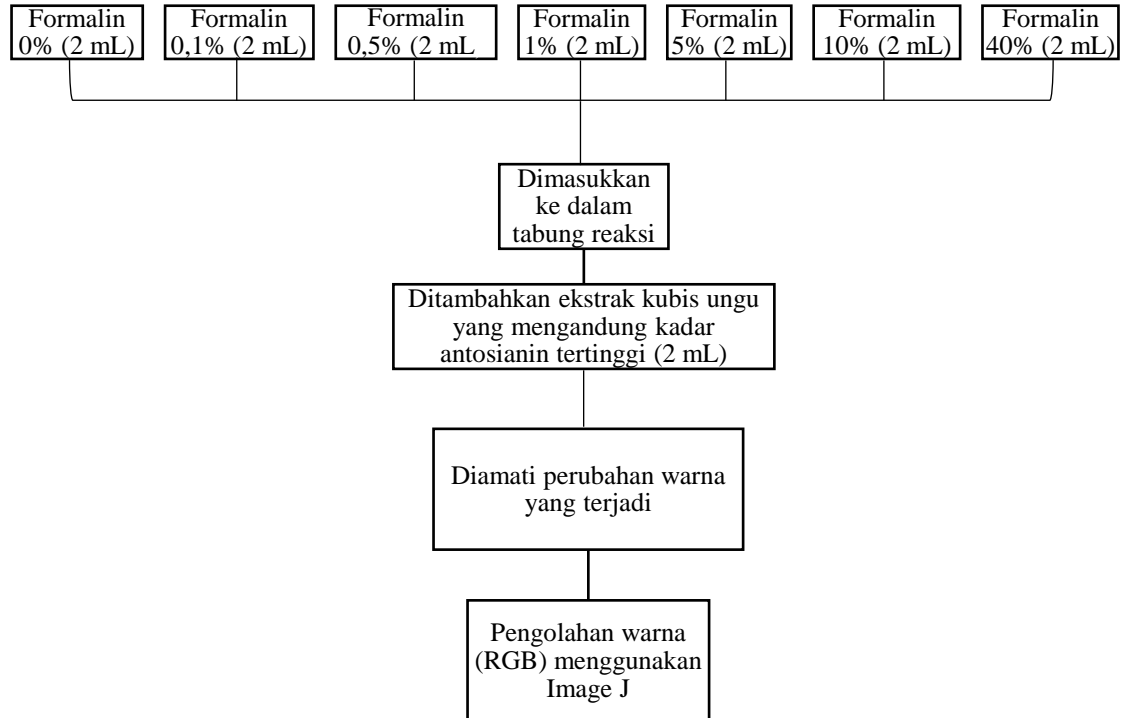
**Lampiran 5 Skema Kerja Penetapan Kadar Antosianin Ekstrak Kubis Ungu
(Metode pH Diferensial Spektrofotometri)**



Lampiran 6 Skema Kerja Pembuatan Larutan Formalin Konsentrasi 0,1%, 0,5%, 1%, 5%, 10%



Lampiran 7 Skema Kerja Identifikasi Formalin Menggunakan Ekstrak Kubis Ungu



Lampiran 8 Perhitungan Pembuatan HCl 0,1%

➤ Pembuatan HCl 1%

Diketahui :

$$\begin{aligned} \text{HCl pekat } (M_1) &= 37\% \\ \text{HCl 1\% } (M_2) &= 1\% \\ \text{Volume akhir } (V_2) &= 100 \text{ mL} \end{aligned}$$

Ditanya :

Volume awal (V_1) ?

Jawab :

$$\begin{aligned} M_1 \times V_1 &= M_2 \times V_2 \\ 37\% \times V_1 &= 1\% \times 100 \\ V_1 &= \frac{100}{37} \\ V_1 &= 2,702 \text{ mL} \end{aligned}$$

➤ Pembuatan HCl 0,1%

Diketahui :

$$\begin{aligned} \text{HCl 1\% } (M_1) &= 1\% \\ \text{HCl 0,1\% } (M_2) &= 0,1\% \\ \text{Volume akhir } (V_2) &= 100 \text{ mL} \end{aligned}$$

Ditanya :

Volume awal (V_1) ?

Jawab :

$$\begin{aligned} M_1 \times V_1 &= M_2 \times V_2 \\ 1\% \times V_1 &= 0,1\% \times 100 \\ V_1 &= \frac{10}{1} \\ V_1 &= 10 \text{ mL} \end{aligned}$$

Lampiran 9 Perhitungan Pembuatan Larutan Larutan Buffer KCl pH 1 & Buffer Na-asetat pH 4,5

- Pembuatan Larutan Buffer KCl 0,025 M pH 1

Diketahui :

$$M \text{ KCl} = 0,025 \text{ M}$$

$$Mr \text{ KCl} = 74,55 \text{ g/mol}$$

$$\text{Volume} = 250 \text{ mL}$$

Ditanya :

Massa KCl ?

Jawab :

$$M = \frac{\text{massa}}{Mr} \times \frac{1000}{\text{Volume}}$$
$$0,025 = \frac{\text{gram}}{74,55} \times \frac{1000}{250 \text{ mL}}$$
$$\text{massa} = \frac{1,86375}{4}$$
$$\text{massa} = 0,4659 \text{ gram}$$

Jadi, untuk membuat larutan buffer KCl 0,025 M sebanyak 250 mL diperlukan padatan KCl sebanyak 0,4659 gram

- Pembuatan Larutan Buffer Na-asetat 0,4 M pH 4,5

Diketahui :

$$M \text{ Na-asetat} = 0,025 \text{ M}$$

$$Mr \text{ Na-asetat} = 74,55 \text{ g/mol}$$

$$\text{Volume} = 250 \text{ mL}$$

Ditanya :

Massa Na-asetat?

Jawab :

$$M = \frac{\text{massa}}{Mr} \times \frac{1000}{\text{Volume}}$$
$$0,4 = \frac{\text{gram}}{82,03} \times \frac{1000}{250 \text{ mL}}$$
$$\text{massa} = \frac{32,812}{4}$$
$$\text{massa} = 8,203 \text{ gram}$$

Jadi, untuk membuat larutan buffer Na-asetat 0,4 M sebanyak 250 mL diperlukan padatan Na-asetat sebanyak 8,203 gram

Lampiran 10 Perhitungan Penetapan Kadar Antosianin Ekstrak Kubis Ungu

➤ Perhitungan Penetapan Kadar Antosianin Ekstrak Kubis Ungu (Pelarut Akuades)

$$\begin{aligned} A &= (A_{520} - A_{700}) \text{ pH 1} - (A_{520} - A_{700}) \text{ pH 4,5} \\ &= (0,759 - 0,043) - (0,116 - 0,046) \\ &= 0,716 - 0,07 \\ &= 0,546 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Kadar antosianin total} &= \frac{A \times 449,2 \times DF \times 1000}{\epsilon \times 1} \\ &= \frac{0,546 \times 449,2 \times 1 \times 1000}{26.900 \times 1} \\ &= 9,11 \text{ mg/L} \end{aligned}$$

➤ Perhitungan Penetapan Kadar Antosianin Ekstrak Kubis Ungu (Pelarut Etanol 96%)

$$\begin{aligned} A &= (A_{520} - A_{700}) \text{ pH 1} - (A_{520} - A_{700}) \text{ pH 4,5} \\ &= (1,249 - 0,068) - (0,143 - 0,035) \\ &= 1,181 - 0,108 \\ &= 1,073 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Kadar antosianin total} &= \frac{A \times 449,2 \times DF \times 1000}{\epsilon \times 1} \\ &= \frac{1,073 \times 449,2 \times 5 \times 1000}{26.900 \times 1} \\ &= 89,58 \text{ mg/L} \end{aligned}$$

➤ Perhitungan Penetapan Kadar Antosianin Ekstrak Kubis Ungu (Pelarut Metanol)

$$\begin{aligned} A &= (A_{520} - A_{700}) \text{ pH 1} - (A_{520} - A_{700}) \text{ pH 4,5} \\ &= (1,348 - 0,112) - (0,213 - 0,079) \\ &= 1,226 - 0,134 \\ &= 1,092 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Kadar antosianin total} &= \frac{A \times 449,2 \times DF \times 1000}{\epsilon \times 1} \\ &= \frac{1,092 \times 449,2 \times 1 \times 1000}{26.900 \times 1} \\ &= 91,17 \text{ mg/L} \end{aligned}$$

➤ **Perhitungan Penetapan Kadar Antosianin Ekstrak Kubis Ungu (Pelarut Etanol + HCl 0,1%)**

$$\begin{aligned} A &= (A_{520} - A_{700}) \text{ pH 1} - (A_{520} - A_{700}) \text{ pH 4,5} \\ &= (1,275 - 0,053) - (0,145 - 0,036) \\ &= 1,222 - 0,109 \\ &= 1,113 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Kadar antosianin total} &= \frac{A \times 449,2 \times DF \times 1000}{\epsilon \times 1} \\ &= \frac{1,113 \times 449,2 \times 1 \times 1000}{26.900 \times 1} \\ &= 92,92 \text{ mg/L} \end{aligned}$$

➤ **Perhitungan Penetapan Kadar Antosianin Ekstrak Kubis Ungu (Pelarut Metanol + HCl 0,1%)**

$$\begin{aligned} A &= (A_{520} - A_{700}) \text{ pH 1} - (A_{520} - A_{700}) \text{ pH 4,5} \\ &= (1,328 - 0,117) - (0,192 - 0,060) \\ &= 1,211 - 0,132 \\ &= 1,079 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Kadar antosianin total} &= \frac{A \times 449,2 \times DF \times 1000}{\epsilon \times 1} \\ &= \frac{1,079 \times 449,2 \times 1 \times 1000}{26.900 \times 1} \\ &= 90,09 \text{ mg/L} \end{aligned}$$

Lampiran 11 Hasil Perhitungan Kadar Antosianin Total

Ekstrak Kubis Ungu (A) Aquades						
Panjang Gelombang (nm)	Abs pH 1	Abs pH 4,5	\bar{x} Abs pH 1	\bar{x} Abs pH 4,5	A	Kadar Antosianin Total (mg/L)
520	0,759	0,116	0,716	0,07	0,546	9,11
700	0,043	0,046				

Ekstrak Kubis Ungu (B) Etanol 96%						
Panjang Gelombang (nm)	Abs pH 1	Abs pH 4,5	\bar{x} Abs pH 1	\bar{x} Abs pH 4,5	A	Kadar Antosianin Total (mg/L)
520	1,249	0,143	1,181	0,108	1,073	89,58
700	0,068	0,035				

Ekstrak Kubis Ungu (C) Metanol						
Panjang Gelombang (nm)	Abs pH 1	Abs pH 4,5	\bar{x} Abs pH 1	\bar{x} Abs pH 4,5	A	Kadar Antosianin Total (mg/L)
520	1,348	0,213	1,226	0,134	1,092	91,17
700	0,122	0,079				

Ekstrak Kubis Ungu (D) Etanol 96% + HCl 0,1%						
Panjang Gelombang (nm)	Abs pH 1	Abs pH 4,5	\bar{x} Abs pH 1	\bar{x} Abs pH 4,5	A	Kadar Antosianin Total (mg/L)
520	1,275	0,145	1,222	0,109	1,113	92,92
700	0,053	0,036				

Ekstrak Kubis Ungu (E) Metanol + HCl 0,1%						
Panjang Gelombang (nm)	Abs pH 1	Abs pH 4,5	\bar{x} Abs pH 1	\bar{x} Abs pH 4,5	A	Kadar Antosianin Total (mg/L)
520	1,328	0,192	1,211	0,132	1,079	90,09
700	0,117	0,060				

Lampiran 12 Perhitungan Pembuatan Formalin Konsentrasi 0,1%, 0,5%, 1%, 5%, 10%

➤ **Perhitungan Pembuatan Formalin 0,1%**

Diketahui :

Formalin pekat (M_1) = 40%

Formalin 0,1% (M_2) = 0,1%

Volume akhir (V_2) = 100 mL

Ditanya :

Volume awal (V_1) ?

Jawab :

$$\begin{aligned}M_1 \times V_1 &= M_2 \times V_2 \\40\% \times V_1 &= 0,1\% \times 100 \\V_1 &= \frac{10}{40} \\V_1 &= 0,25 \text{ mL}\end{aligned}$$

➤ **Perhitungan Pembuatan Formalin 0,5%**

Diketahui :

Formalin pekat (M_1) = 40%

Formalin 0,1% (M_2) = 0,5%

Volume akhir (V_2) = 100 mL

Ditanya :

Volume awal (V_1) ?

Jawab :

$$\begin{aligned}M_1 \times V_1 &= M_2 \times V_2 \\40\% \times V_1 &= 0,5\% \times 100 \\V_1 &= \frac{50}{40} \\V_1 &= 1,25 \text{ mL}\end{aligned}$$

➤ **Perhitungan Pembuatan Formalin 1%**

Diketahui :

Formalin pekat (M_1) = 40%

Formalin 1% (M_2) = 1%

Volume akhir (V_2) = 100 mL

Ditanya :
Volume awal (V_1) ?

Jawab :

$$\begin{aligned}M_1 \times V_1 &= M_2 \times V_2 \\40\% \times V_1 &= 1\% \times 100 \\V_1 &= \frac{100}{40} \\V_1 &= 2,5 \text{ mL}\end{aligned}$$

➤ **Perhitungan Pembuatan Formalin 5%**

Diketahui :
Formalin pekat (M_1) = 40%
Formalin 5% (M_2) = 5%
Volume akhir (V_2) = 100 mL

Ditanya :
Volume awal (V_1) ?

Jawab :

$$\begin{aligned}M_1 \times V_1 &= M_2 \times V_2 \\40\% \times V_1 &= 5\% \times 100 \\V_1 &= \frac{500}{40} \\V_1 &= 12,5 \text{ mL}\end{aligned}$$

➤ **Perhitungan Pembuatan Formalin 10%**

Diketahui :
Formalin pekat (M_1) = 40%
Formalin 10% (M_2) = 10%
Volume akhir (V_2) = 100 mL



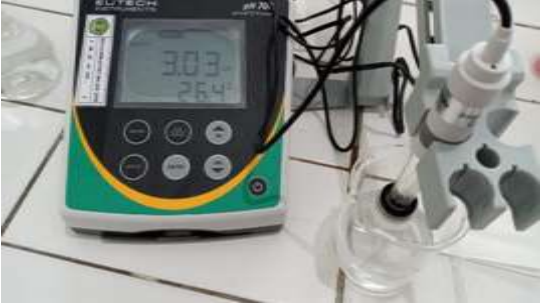

Ditanya :
Volume awal (V_1) ?





Jawab :

$$\begin{aligned}M_1 \times V_1 &= M_2 \times V_2 \\40\% \times V_1 &= 10\% \times 100 \\V_1 &= \frac{1000}{40} \\V_1 &= 25 \text{ mL}\end{aligned}$$

Lampiran 13 Dokumentasi Proses Penelitian


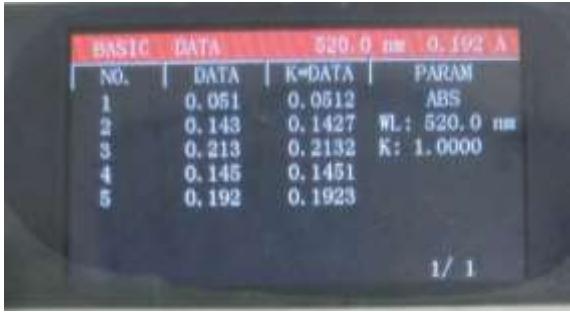
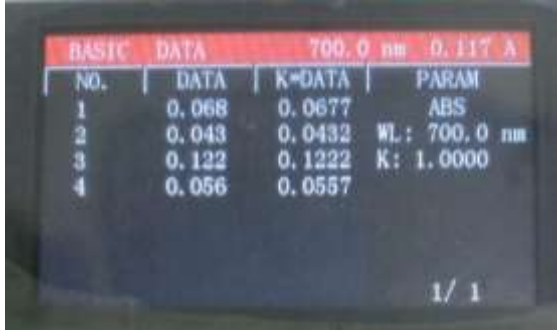
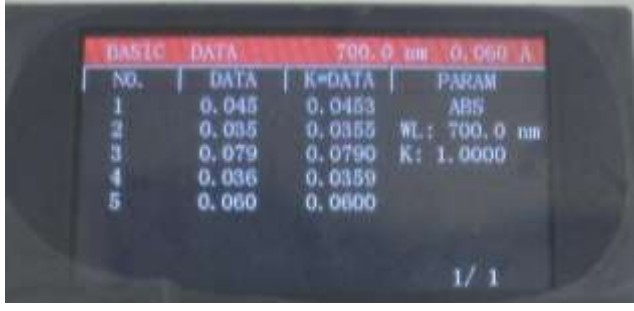
Dokumentasi	Keterangan
	<p>Peralatan penelitian</p>
	<p>Proses pencucian kubis ungu</p>
	<p>Proses pemotongan/perajangan kubis ungu</p>

Dokumentasi	Keterangan
	<p>Proses pembuatan HCl 1%</p>
	<p>Proses penambahan asam (HCl 0,1%) pada pelarut etanol 96%</p>
	<p>Proses penambahan asam (HCl 0,1%) pada pelarut metanol</p>
	<p>Penimbangan kubis ungu untuk pelarut akuades</p>

Dokumentasi	Keterangan
	<p>Penimbangan kubis ungu untuk pelarut etanol 96%</p>
	<p>Penimbangan kubis ungu untuk pelarut metanol</p>
	<p>Penimbangan kubis ungu untuk pelarut etanol 96% + HCl 0,1%</p>
	<p>Penimbangan kubis ungu untuk pelarut metanol + HCl 0,1%</p>

Dokumentasi	Keterangan
	<p>Memasukkan kubis ungu ke dalam pelarut untuk diekstraksi (proses ekstraksi)</p>
	<p>Proses peyaringan ekstrak kubis ungu</p>
	<p>Hasil ekstraksi kubis ungu</p>

Dokumentasi	Keterangan
	<p>Penimbangan padatan KCl</p>
	<p>Penimbangan padatan Na-asetat</p>
	<p>Nilai pH larutan buffer KCl</p>
	<p>Nilai pH larutan buffer Na-asetat</p>

Dokumentasi	Keterangan																												
 <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th colspan="2">BASIC DATA</th> <th colspan="2">520.0 nm 1.328 A</th> </tr> <tr> <th>NO.</th> <th>DATA</th> <th>K*DATA</th> <th>PARAM</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>1</td> <td>0.259</td> <td>0.2588</td> <td>ABS</td> </tr> <tr> <td>2</td> <td>1.249</td> <td>1.2487</td> <td>WL: 520.0 nm</td> </tr> <tr> <td>3</td> <td>1.348</td> <td>1.3478</td> <td>K: 1.0000</td> </tr> <tr> <td>4</td> <td>1.275</td> <td>1.2749</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>5</td> <td>1.328</td> <td>1.3279</td> <td></td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	BASIC DATA		520.0 nm 1.328 A		NO.	DATA	K*DATA	PARAM	1	0.259	0.2588	ABS	2	1.249	1.2487	WL: 520.0 nm	3	1.348	1.3478	K: 1.0000	4	1.275	1.2749		5	1.328	1.3279		<p>Hasil pembacaan absorbansi larutan uji pH 1 pada panjang gelombang 520 nm</p>
BASIC DATA		520.0 nm 1.328 A																											
NO.	DATA	K*DATA	PARAM																										
1	0.259	0.2588	ABS																										
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 <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th colspan="2">BASIC DATA</th> <th colspan="2">520.0 nm 0.192 A</th> </tr> <tr> <th>NO.</th> <th>DATA</th> <th>K*DATA</th> <th>PARAM</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>1</td> <td>0.051</td> <td>0.0512</td> <td>ABS</td> </tr> <tr> <td>2</td> <td>0.143</td> <td>0.1427</td> <td>WL: 520.0 nm</td> </tr> <tr> <td>3</td> <td>0.213</td> <td>0.2132</td> <td>K: 1.0000</td> </tr> <tr> <td>4</td> <td>0.145</td> <td>0.1451</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>5</td> <td>0.192</td> <td>0.1923</td> <td></td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	BASIC DATA		520.0 nm 0.192 A		NO.	DATA	K*DATA	PARAM	1	0.051	0.0512	ABS	2	0.143	0.1427	WL: 520.0 nm	3	0.213	0.2132	K: 1.0000	4	0.145	0.1451		5	0.192	0.1923		<p>Hasil pembacaan absorbansi larutan uji pH 4,5 pada panjang gelombang 520 nm</p>
BASIC DATA		520.0 nm 0.192 A																											
NO.	DATA	K*DATA	PARAM																										
1	0.051	0.0512	ABS																										
2	0.143	0.1427	WL: 520.0 nm																										
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 <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th colspan="2">BASIC DATA</th> <th colspan="2">700.0 nm 0.117 A</th> </tr> <tr> <th>NO.</th> <th>DATA</th> <th>K*DATA</th> <th>PARAM</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>1</td> <td>0.068</td> <td>0.0677</td> <td>ABS</td> </tr> <tr> <td>2</td> <td>0.043</td> <td>0.0432</td> <td>WL: 700.0 nm</td> </tr> <tr> <td>3</td> <td>0.122</td> <td>0.1222</td> <td>K: 1.0000</td> </tr> <tr> <td>4</td> <td>0.056</td> <td>0.0557</td> <td></td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	BASIC DATA		700.0 nm 0.117 A		NO.	DATA	K*DATA	PARAM	1	0.068	0.0677	ABS	2	0.043	0.0432	WL: 700.0 nm	3	0.122	0.1222	K: 1.0000	4	0.056	0.0557		<p>Hasil pembacaan absorbansi larutan uji pH 1 pada panjang gelombang 700 nm</p>				
BASIC DATA		700.0 nm 0.117 A																											
NO.	DATA	K*DATA	PARAM																										
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 <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th colspan="2">BASIC DATA</th> <th colspan="2">700.0 nm 0.060 A</th> </tr> <tr> <th>NO.</th> <th>DATA</th> <th>K*DATA</th> <th>PARAM</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>1</td> <td>0.045</td> <td>0.0453</td> <td>ABS</td> </tr> <tr> <td>2</td> <td>0.035</td> <td>0.0355</td> <td>WL: 700.0 nm</td> </tr> <tr> <td>3</td> <td>0.079</td> <td>0.0790</td> <td>K: 1.0000</td> </tr> <tr> <td>4</td> <td>0.036</td> <td>0.0359</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>5</td> <td>0.060</td> <td>0.0600</td> <td></td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	BASIC DATA		700.0 nm 0.060 A		NO.	DATA	K*DATA	PARAM	1	0.045	0.0453	ABS	2	0.035	0.0355	WL: 700.0 nm	3	0.079	0.0790	K: 1.0000	4	0.036	0.0359		5	0.060	0.0600		<p>Hasil pembacaan absorbansi larutan uji pH 4,5 pada panjang gelombang 700 nm</p>
BASIC DATA		700.0 nm 0.060 A																											
NO.	DATA	K*DATA	PARAM																										
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Dokumentasi	Keterangan
	<p>Hasil pengujian formalin menggunakan ekstrak kubis ungu dengan kadar antosianin tertinggi</p>